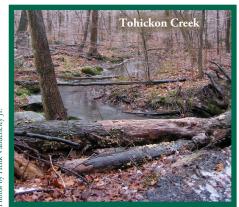
Riparian Buffers, or streamside vegetated areas, improve water quality in nearby streams by slowing down stormwater and filtering out harmful sediment and pollutants. These natural areas also stabilize banks and protect downstream areas from flooding. Riparian buffers provide critical habitat for wildlife — offering food, shelter, and breeding grounds that are increasingly threatened by spreading development.

Wetlands... Most of Pennsylvania's wildlife use wetland habitat during all or some of their lives. Valuing and protecting these sensitive areas is critical to the survival of many diminished, threatened, and endangered species.

Haycock Wildlife Habitat

Everyone can play a role in improving and protecting the local riparian and wetland ecology. This guide is intended to provide some ideas on how to restore and protect the local flora and fauna that are unique to our region.

Please visit **haycockwildlifehabitat.wordpress.com** to help out with this collective effort.



Resources

NATIVE PLANT NURSERIES

AMERICAN NATIVE NURSERY, Quakertown, PA 855-752-6862 americannativenursery.com

EDGE OF THE WOODS NATIVE PLANTS, Orefield, PA 610-3952570 edgeofthewoodsnursery.com

NORTHEAST NATIVES & PERENNIALS, Quakertown, PA 215-901-5552 nenativesandperennials.com

GREAT BOOKS

BRINGING NATURE HOME, How Native Plants Sustain Wildlife in Our Backyards, by Douglas W. Tallamy

NOAH'S GARDEN, Restoring the Ecology of Our Own Back Yards, by Sara Stein

LANDSCAPING WITH NATIVE PLANTS in the Middle-Atlantic Region, by Elizabeth N. duPont

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

BOWMAN'S HILL WILDFLOWER PRESERVE 215-862-2924 www.bhwp.org

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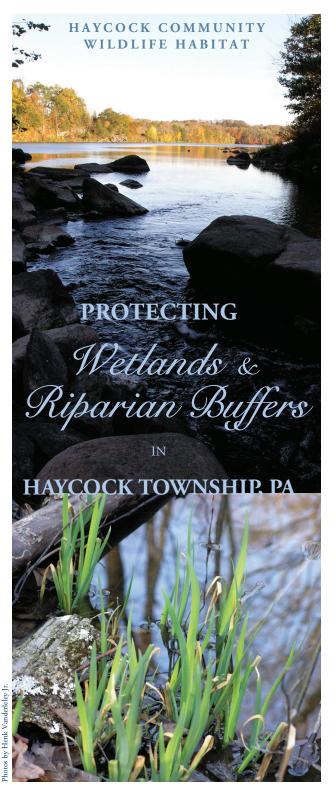
Lake Nockamixon

BUCKS COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT 215-345-7577 www.bucksccd.org.

MORRIS ARBORETUM of the UNIVERSITY of PA 215-247-5777 Philadelphia, PA

This guide was produced for Haycock Community Wildlife Habitat by Haycock resident and Ecological Landscape Designer, Gina Frederick. Plant photographs courtesy of Mark Fiely of Ernst Conservation Seeds unless otherwise noted.





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Most of Lennsylvania's wildlife use Wetland habitat during all or some portion of their lives.



Box turtle laying eggs at a Haycock residence.

WILDFLOWERS

- 1 Asclepias incarnata, Swamp Milkweed
- 2 Eupatorium fistulosum, Joe Pye Weed Eupatorium perfoliatum, Boneset
- 3 Iris versicolor, Blue Flag
- Liatris spicata, Blazingstar Lobelia cardinalis, Cardinal Flower Rudbeckia laciniata, Cut-leaf Coneflower Verbena hastata, Blue Vervain
- 5 Vernonia noveboracensis, Ironweed (back panel)





Clethra alnifolia, Summersweet 8 Cornus amomum, Silky Dogwood

Aronia melanocarpa, Chokeberry

7 Cephalanthus occidentalis, Buttonbush

9 Ilex verticilllata, Winterberry Holly Lindera benzoin, Spicebush

Great Blue Heron perched at Lake Nockamixon.

10 Physocarpus opulifolius, Ninebark Viburnum dentatum, Arrowwood

TREES

SHRUBS

Acer rubrum, Red Maple

11 Amelanchier canadensis, Serviceberry Carpinus caroliniana, Hornbeam Magnolia virginiana, Sweetbay Magnolia Nyssa sylvatica, Black Gum Quercus bicolor, Swamp White Oak Quercus phellos, Willow Oak



If you live near water....

... you can make a difference. By reducing or eliminating lawn and restoring native vegetation along streams, pond edges, and wetlands, you can restore critical habitat for countless insects, mammals, birds, and

amphibians. Plants listed on this page are native to wetland and riparian areas and can be purchased at native plant nurseries. (See back panel for some listings.)





GRASSES, RUSHES & FERNS

Elymus hystrix, Bottlebrush Grass

Juncus effusus, Soft Rush Matteuccia struthiopteris, Ostrich Fern Onoclea sensibilis, Sensitive Fern







